

## **Automotive** 40V, 300mA, Low Quiescent Current

# and Low Dropout Voltage Linear Regulator

### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The SGM2254xQ is a high voltage, low quiescent current and low dropout voltage linear regulator. It is capable of supplying 300mA output current with typical dropout voltage of 770mV. The operating input voltage range is from 2.5V to 40V. The fixed output voltage range is from 1.8V to 12V.

Other features include current limit and thermal shutdown protection. The SGM2254xQ is suitable for various automotive applications.

This device is AEC-Q100 qualified (Automotive Electronics Council (AEC) standard Q100 Grade 1) and it is suitable for automotive applications.

SGM2254xQ is available TDFN-3×3-8JL package. It operates over an operating temperature range of -40°C to +125°C.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Industrial Equipment Automotive Applications **Battery-Powered Equipment** Medical Equipment

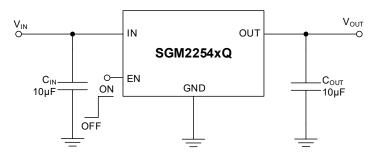
#### **FEATURES**

 AEC-Q100 Qualified for Automotive Applications **Device Temperature Grade 1** 

SGM2254xQ

- $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+125^{\circ}C$
- Operating Input Voltage Range: 2.5V to 40V
- Enable Pin Accept Voltages Higher than the Supply Voltage and up to 40V
- Fixed Output from 1.8V to 12V
- 300mA Output Current
- Output Voltage Accuracy: ±1% at +25℃
- Low Quiescent Current: 3.2µA (TYP)
- Low Dropout Voltage: 770mV (TYP) at 300mA,  $V_{OUT} = 5.0V$
- Current Limiting and Thermal Protection
- With Output Automatic Discharge
- Stable with Small Case Size Ceramic Capacitors
- -40°C to +125°C Operating Temperature Range
- Available in a Green TDFN-3×3-8JL Package

## TYPICAL APPLICATION



**Figure 1. Typical Application Circuit** 



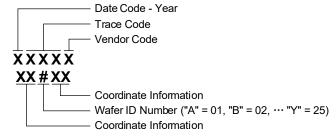
## PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION

MODEL	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDERING NUMBER	PACKAGE MARKING	PACKING OPTION
SGM2254-1.8Q	TDFN-3×3-8JL -40°C to +125°C (T <sub>A</sub> )		SGM2254-1.8QTHI8G/TR	2NJTHI XXXXX XX#XX	Tape and Reel, 4000
SGM2254-2.5Q TDFN-3×3-8JL		-40°C to +125°C (T <sub>A</sub> )	SGM2254-2.5QTHI8G/TR	2OYTHI XXXXX XX#XX	Tape and Reel, 4000
SGM2254-3.3Q	TDFN-3×3-8JL	-40°C to +125°C (T <sub>A</sub> )	SGM2254-3.3QTHI8G/TR	280THI XXXXX XX#XX	Tape and Reel, 4000
SGM2254-5.0Q	TDFN-3×3-8JL	-40°C to +125°C (T <sub>A</sub> )	SGM2254-5.0QTHI8G/TR	281THI XXXXX XX#XX	Tape and Reel, 4000
SGM2254-12Q TDFN-3×3-8JL		-40°C to +125°C (T <sub>A</sub> )	SGM2254-12QTTHI8G/TR	2OZTHI XXXXX XX#XX	Tape and Reel, 4000

#### MARKING INFORMATION

NOTE: XXXXX = Date Code, Trace Code and Vendor Code. XX#XX = Coordinate Information and Wafer ID Number.

#### TDFN-3×3-8JL



#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

IN, EN to GND	0.3V to 45V
OUT to GND	0.3V to 45V
Package Thermal Resistance	
TDFN-3×3-8JL, θ <sub>JA</sub>	44.4°C/W
TDFN-3×3-8JL, θ <sub>JB</sub>	18.8°C/W
TDFN-3×3-8JL, $\theta_{JC(TOP)}$	47.3°C/W
TDFN-3×3-8JL, θ <sub>JC(BOT)</sub>	7.7°C/W
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10s)	+260°C
ESD Susceptibility (1) (2)	
HBM	±6000V
CDM	±1000V

#### NOTES:

- 1. For human body model (HBM), all pins comply with AEC-Q100-002 specification.
- 2. For charged device model (CDM), all pins comply with AEC-Q100-011 specification.

#### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Supply Voltage Range, V <sub>IN</sub>	2.5V to 40V
Enable Input Voltage Range	0V to 40V
Input Effective Capacitance, C <sub>IN</sub>	0.5µF (MIN)
Output Effective Capacitance, C <sub>OUT</sub>	1µF to 100µF
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	40°C to +125°C
Operating Junction Temperature Range	40°C to +150°C

#### **OVERSTRESS CAUTION**

Stresses beyond those listed in Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability. Functional operation of the device at any conditions beyond those indicated in the Recommended Operating Conditions section is not implied.

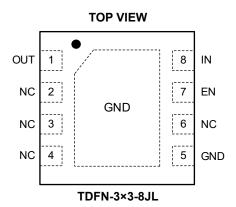
#### **ESD SENSITIVITY CAUTION**

This integrated circuit can be damaged if ESD protections are not considered carefully. SGMICRO recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage. ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because even small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet the published specifications.

#### **DISCLAIMER**

SG Micro Corp reserves the right to make any change in circuit design, or specifications without prior notice.

## **PIN CONFIGURATION**



## **PIN DESCRIPTION**

PIN		
TDFN-3×3-8JL	NAME	FUNCTION
1	OUT	Regulator Output Pin. It is recommended to use a ceramic capacitor with effective capacitance in the range of $1\mu F$ to $100\mu F$ to ensure stability. This ceramic capacitor should be placed as close as possible to OUT pin.
2, 3, 4, 6	NC	No Connection.
5	GND	Ground.
7	EN	Enable Pin. Drive EN high to turn on the regulator. Drive EN low to turn off the regulator.
8	IN	Input Supply Voltage Pin. It is recommended to use a 1µF or larger ceramic capacitor from IN pin to ground to get good power supply decoupling. This ceramic capacitor should be placed as close as possible to IN pin.
Exposed Pad GND		Exposed Pad. Connect it to GND internally. Connect it to a large ground plane to maximize thermal performance. This pad is not an electrical connection point.

## **FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM**

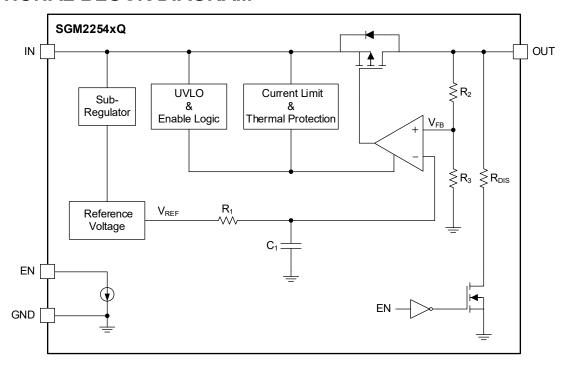


Figure 2. Block Diagram

## Automotive 40V, 300mA, Low Quiescent Current and Low Dropout Voltage Linear Regulator

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 2V, C_{IN} = 10\mu F, C_{OUT} = 10\mu F, T_J = -40^{\circ}C$  to +125°C <sup>(1)</sup>, typical values are at  $T_J = +25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted.)

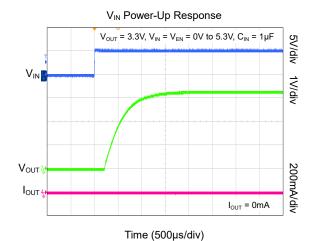
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS			TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Input Voltage Range	V <sub>IN</sub>			2.5		40	V	
Output Voltage Range	V <sub>OUT</sub>			1.8		12	V	
Outside Valle on Assume		$V_{IN} = (V_{OUT(NOM)} + 2V)$ to 40V,	T <sub>J</sub> = +25°C	-1		+1	0/	
Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT}$	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1mA	$T_J = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$	-2		+1.5	- %	
Under-Voltage Lockout	$V_{\text{UVLO}}$	V <sub>IN</sub> rising		2.1	2.48	V		
Line Regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{\text{OUT}}}{\Delta V_{\text{IN}} \times V_{\text{OUT}}}$	$V_{IN} = (V_{OUT(NOM)} + 2V)$ to 40V, I <sub>O</sub>	<sub>DUT</sub> = 0.1mA		0.0002	0.02	%/V	
Load Regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{\text{OUT}}}{\Delta I_{\text{OUT}} \times V_{\text{OUT}}}$	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.1mA to 300mA			0.0002	0.005	%/mA	
			V <sub>OUT(NOM)</sub> = 1.8V		950	1900		
Dropout Voltage	$V_{DROP}$	$V_{OUT} = 95\% \times V_{OUT(NOM)},$ $I_{OUT} = 300mA$	$V_{OUT(NOM)} = 3.3V$		830	1800	mV	
		1001	$V_{OUT(NOM)} = 5.0V$		770	1700		
Output Current Limit	I <sub>LIMIT</sub>	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 4V, V_{OUT} = 90\% \times$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 4V$ , $V_{OUT} = 90\% \times V_{OUT(NOM)}$				mA	
Short-Circuit Current Limit	I <sub>SHORT</sub>	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 3V, V_{OUT} = 0V$			265		mA	
Ground Pin Current	1	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0mA			3.2	8	μА	
Ground Pin Current	$I_{GND}$	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 300mA			125	260		
Shutdown Supply Current	I <sub>SHDN</sub>	V <sub>EN</sub> = 0V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.5 to 40V			0.3	1.5	μA	
EN Pin High-Level Input Voltage	$V_{IH}$	V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.5 to 40V		1.8		40	V	
EN Pin Low-Level Input Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.5 to 40V		0		1	V	
EN Din Innut Current	I <sub>ENH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 40V, V <sub>EN</sub> = 40V			50	1000	nA	
EN Pin Input Current	I <sub>ENL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 40V, V <sub>EN</sub> = 0V			5	500		
Output Discharge Resistance	R <sub>DIS</sub>	V <sub>EN</sub> = 0V			215		Ω	
	t <sub>ON</sub>		V <sub>OUT(NOM)</sub> = 1.8V		0.8	1.5	- ms	
Turn-On Time		From assertion of V <sub>EN</sub> to	$V_{OUT(NOM)} = 3.3V$		1.0	1.6		
Turri-Ori Tirrie		$V_{OUT} = 90\% \times V_{OUT(NOM)}$	$V_{OUT(NOM)} = 5.0V$		1.3	2.2		
			V <sub>OUT(NOM)</sub> = 12V		2.8	4.4		
	PSRR		f = 100Hz		61		dB	
Power Supply Ripple Rejection		$V_{IN} = 5.3V$ , $V_{OUT(NOM)} = 3.3V$ , $I_{OUT} = 10$ mA, $C_{OUT} = 4.7$ µF	f = 1kHz		45			
		·	f = 100kHz		45			
Output Voltage Noise	e <sub>n</sub>	$V_{OUT(NOM)} = 3.3V$ , $I_{OUT} = 10$ mA, $C_{OUT} = 4.7\mu$ F, $f = 10$ Hz to $100$ kHz			105		μV <sub>RMS</sub>	
Thermal Shutdown Temperature	Thermal Shutdown Temperature T <sub>SHDN</sub> T <sub>J</sub> rising				160		°C	
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis	$\Delta T_{\text{SHDN}}$	Hysteresis			20		°C	

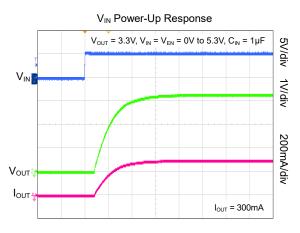
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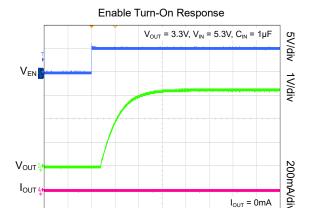
1. Tested under pulse load conditions, so  $T_J \approx T_A$ .



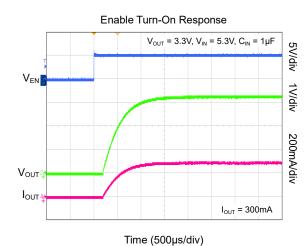
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



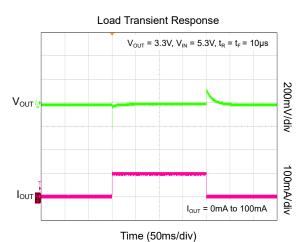


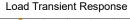


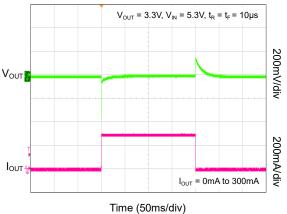


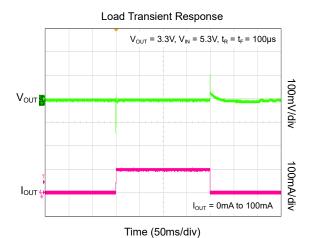


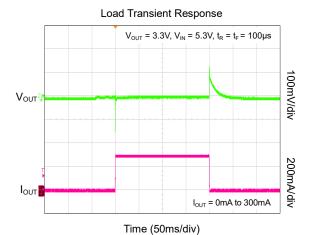




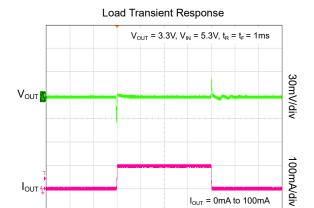




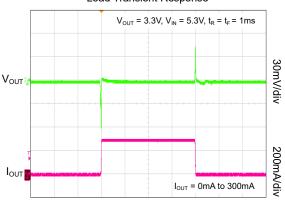






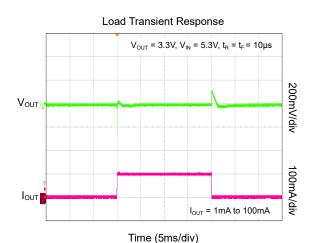


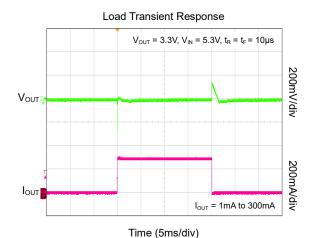
Load Transient Response

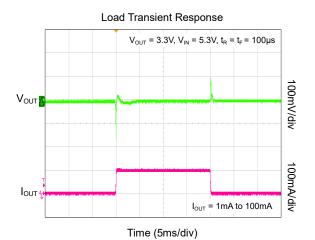


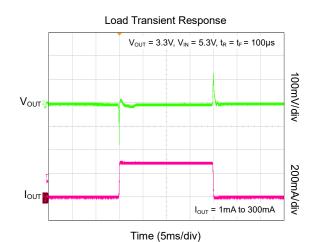
Time (50ms/div)

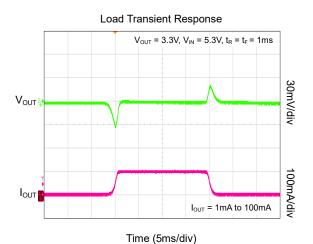
Time (50ms/div)

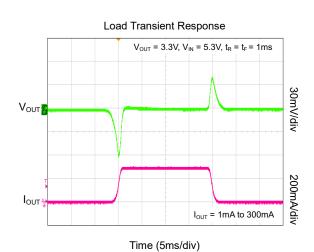


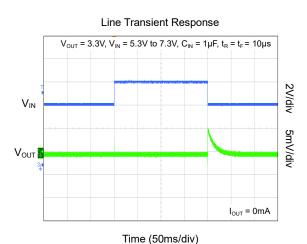


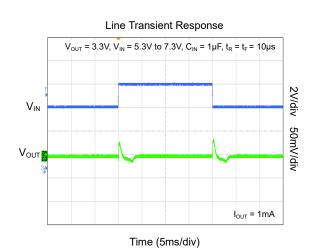


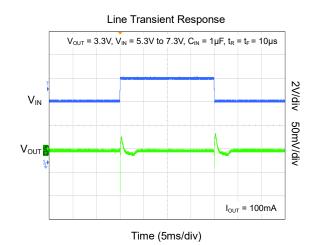


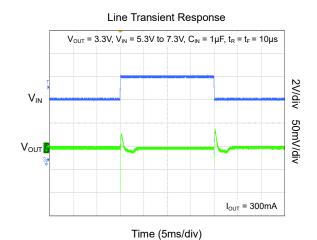


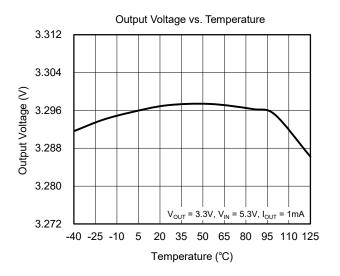


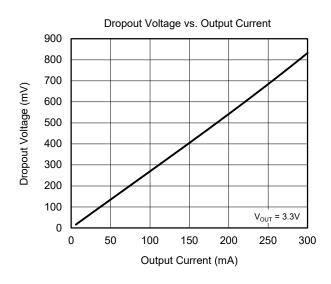


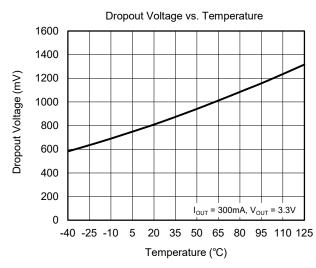


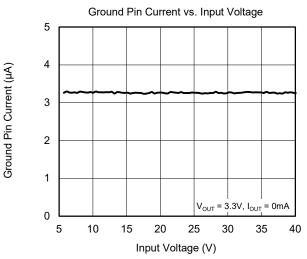


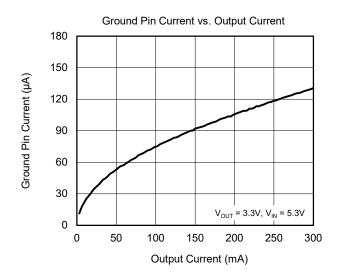


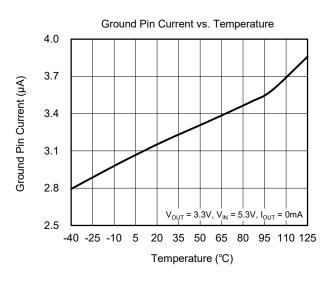


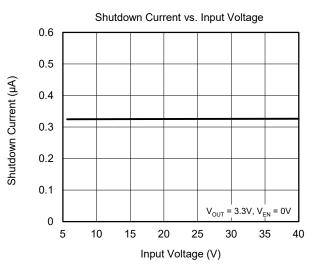


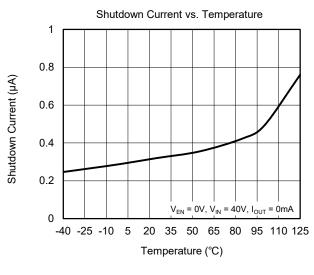


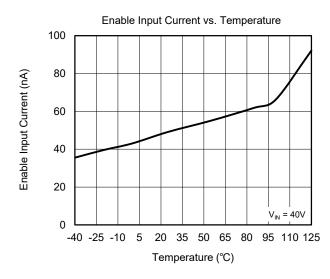


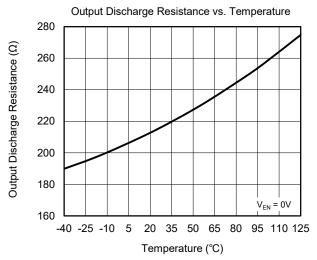


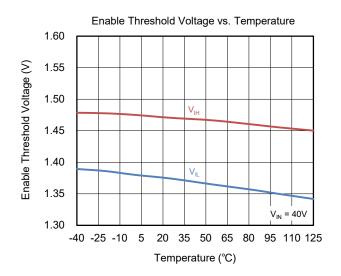


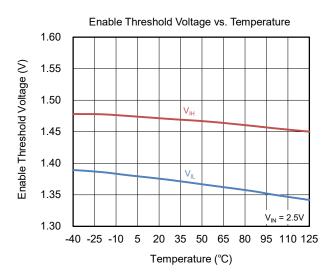


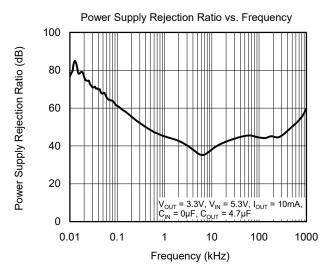


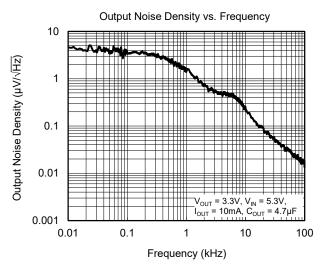












## APPLICATION INFORMATION

The SGM2254xQ is a high voltage, low quiescent current and low dropout LDO and provides 300mA output current. These features make the device a reliable solution to solve many challenging problems in the generation of clean and accurate power supply. The high performance also makes the SGM2254xQ useful in a variety of applications. The SGM2254xQ provides protection functions for output overload and overheating.

## Input Capacitor Selection (C<sub>IN</sub>)

The input decoupling capacitor should be placed as close as possible to the IN pin to ensure the device stability. 1µF or larger X7R or X5R ceramic capacitor is selected to get good dynamic performance.

When  $V_{\text{IN}}$  is required to provide large current instantaneously, a large effective input capacitor is required. Multiple input capacitors can limit the input tracking inductance. Adding more input capacitors is available to restrict the ringing and to keep it below the device absolute maximum ratings. For  $C_{\text{OUT}}$  with larger capacitance, it is recommended to choose the larger capacitance  $C_{\text{IN}}$ .

## Output Capacitor Selection (Cout)

One or more output capacitors are required to maintain the stability of the LDO, and the output capacitors should be placed as close as possible to the OUT pin. In addition, in order to obtain the best transient performance, it is recommended to use X7R and X5R ceramic capacitors as output capacitors. Ceramic capacitors have low equivalent series resistance (ESR), excellent temperature and DC bias characteristics. However, it cannot be ignored that the effective capacitance of ceramic capacitors is affected by temperature, DC bias and package size.

For example, Figure 3 shows the capacitance and DC bias and temperature characteristics of 0805, 10V,  $10\mu F\pm 10\%$ , X7R capacitor. Therefore, it is necessary to evaluate whether the effective capacitance of the output capacitor can meet the stability requirements of the LDO in practical applications. In general, a capacitor in higher voltage rating and a larger package exhibits better stability, and the effective capacitance can be obtained from the manufacturer datasheet.

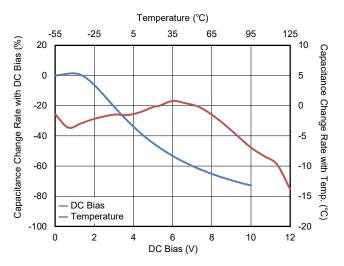


Figure 3. Capacitance vs. DC Bias and Temperature Characteristics

The SGM2254xQ requires a minimum effective capacitance of  $1\mu F$  for  $C_{OUT}$  to ensure stability. Additionally,  $C_{OUT}$  with larger capacitance and lower ESR will help increase the high frequency PSRR and improve the load transient response.

### **Enable Operation**

The EN pin of the SGM2254xQ is used to enable/disable the device and to deactivate/activate the output automatic discharge function.

When the EN pin voltage is lower than 1V, the device is in shutdown state. There is no current flowing from IN to OUT pins. In this state, the automatic discharge transistor is active to discharge the output voltage through a  $215\Omega$  (TYP) resistor.

When the EN pin voltage is higher than 1.8V, the device is in active state. The output voltage is regulated to the expected value and the automatic discharge transistor is turned off.

## **Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO)**

The UVLO circuit monitors the input voltage to prevent the device from turning on before  $V_{\text{IN}}$  rises above the  $V_{\text{UVLO}}$  threshold. The UVLO circuit responds quickly to glitches on the IN pin and attempts to disable the output of the device if any of these rails collapses. The local input capacitance prevents severe brownouts in most applications.

## **APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)**

### **Reverse Current Protection**

The PMOS power transistor has an inherent body diode. This body diode will be forward biased when  $V_{\text{OUT}} > V_{\text{IN}}$ . When  $V_{\text{OUT}} > V_{\text{IN}}$ , the reverse current flowing from the OUT pin to the IN pin will damage the SGM2254xQ. If reverse current protection function is needed in application, the circuit in Figure 4 is good solution to provide reverse current protection.

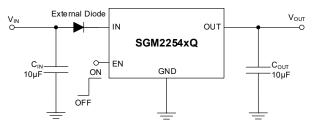


Figure 4. Reverse Protection Reference Design

## **Output Current Limit Protection**

When overload events happen, the output current is internally limited to 755mA (TYP). When the OUT pin is shorted to ground, the output current is internally limited to 265mA (TYP).

#### Thermal Shutdown

When the die temperature exceeds the threshold value of thermal shutdown, the SGM2254xQ will be in shutdown state and it will remain in this state until the die temperature decreases to +140°C.

### Power Dissipation (P<sub>D</sub>)

Power dissipation ( $P_D$ ) of the SGM2254xQ can be calculated by the equation  $P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{OUT}$ . The maximum allowable power dissipation ( $P_{D(MAX)}$ ) of the SGM2254xQ is affected by many factors, including the difference between junction temperature and ambient temperature ( $T_{J(MAX)} - T_A$ ), package thermal resistance from the junction to the ambient environment ( $\theta_{JA}$ ), the rate of ambient airflow and PCB layout.  $P_{D(MAX)}$  can be approximated by the following equation:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = (T_{J(MAX)} - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$$
 (2)

## **Layout Guidelines**

To get good PSRR, low output noise and high transient response performance, the input and output bypass capacitors must be placed as close as possible to the IN pin and OUT pin separately.

## **REVISION HISTORY**

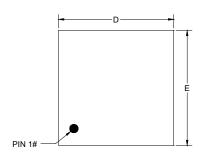
NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Original to REV.A (DECEMBER 2025)

Page



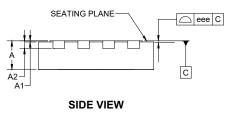
## **PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS** TDFN-3×3-8JL

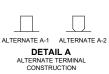


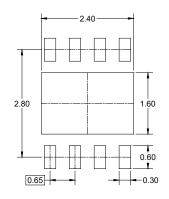
É1 DETAIL A











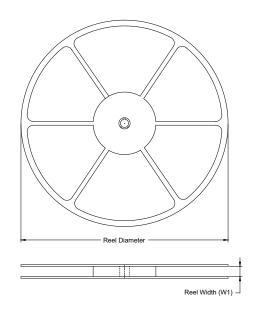
RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)

Symbol	Dir	ers			
Symbol	MIN	NOM	MAX		
Α	0.700	-	0.800		
A1	0.000	-	0.050		
A2		0.203 REF			
b	0.250	-	0.350		
D	2.900	-	3.100		
D1	2.300	-	2.500		
E	2.900	-	3.100		
E1	1.500	1.700			
е	0.650 BSC				
k	0.300 REF				
L	0.300	0.500			
eee	0.080				

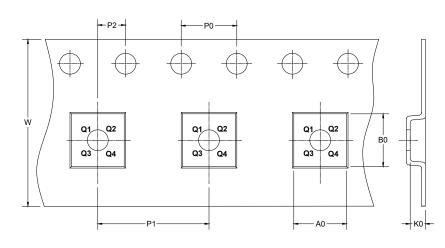
NOTE: This drawing is subject to change without notice.

## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

## **REEL DIMENSIONS**



## **TAPE DIMENSIONS**



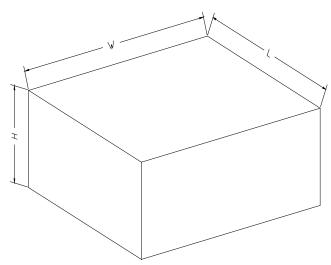
DIRECTION OF FEED

NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

## **KEY PARAMETER LIST OF TAPE AND REEL**

Package Type	Reel Diameter	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	P2 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TDFN-3×3-8JL	13"	12.4	3.35	3.35	1.13	4.0	8.0	2.0	12.0	Q2

## **CARTON BOX DIMENSIONS**



NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

## **KEY PARAMETER LIST OF CARTON BOX**

Reel Type	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	Pizza/Carton		
13"	386	280	370	5	20000	